Financial statements of

Grand River Hospital Corporation

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended March 31, 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Financial statements (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Grand River Hospital Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Grand River Hospital Corporation ("the Hospital"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021
- · the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Hospital in accordance with the applicable independence standards, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Hospital or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Hospital's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Hospital to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Waterloo, Canada June 10, 2021

KPMG LLP

Statement of Financial Position (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

As at March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Notes	2021	2020
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash		\$ 1,022	\$ 15,184
Accounts receivable	2	63,514	33,064
Inventories		8,291	6,524
Prepaid expenses		6,557	8,121
Total Current Assets		79,384	62,893
Long-Term Assets			
Capital assets	3	199,319	207,928
Accrued pension benefit assets	4	44,488	44,180
Total Long-Term Assets		243,807	252,108
Total Assets		\$ 323,191	\$ 315,001
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 53,028	\$ 58,018
Accrued salary, wages and benefit			
liabilities	_	26,606	21,829
Deferred contributions	6	2,096	2,926
Total Current Liabilities		81,730	82,773
Long-Term Liabilities			
Accrued other benefits obligation	4	13,598	13,464
Deferred capital contributions	6	135,799	138,300
Long-term debt	7	36,056	35,657
Fair value of interest-rate swap	7	2,614	6,504
Total Long-Term Liabilities		188,067	193,925
Total Liabilities		269,797	276,698
Net Assets			
Internally restricted - capital assets	8	25,352	28,583
Unrestricted surplus		30,656	16,224
Accumulated remeasurement losses		(2,614)	(6,504)
Total Net Assets		53,394	38,303
Commitments and contingencies	4 and 9		
COVID-19 impacts	15		
Subsequent event	7		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets		\$ 323,191	\$ 315,001

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Director - Aug Pooling Director

Statement of Operations (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Notes	2021	2020
Revenue			
Ontario Ministry of Health ("MOH") Operating	14	\$ 407,072	\$ 334,659
Billable patient services		23,553	30,555
Recoveries from external sources		38,450	36,857
Other		4,304	7,500
Amortization of deferred capital contributions related to equipment	6	8,237	7,048
Total revenue		481,616	416,619
Expenses			
Salaries, wages, benefits and purchased services		289,407	249,524
Medical staff remuneration		28,516	27,772
Non-salary		144,712	125,104
Amortization of equipment		15,378	11,821
Total expenses		478,013	414,221
Excess of revenue over expenses			
for MOH purposes		3,603	2,398
Amortization of buildings and building			
improvements		(10,299)	(10,447)
Amortization of deferred capital			
contributions related to buildings and building improvements	6	7,957	8,053
Excess of revenue over expenses			
before other revenue		\$ 1,261	\$ 4
Other revenue:			
Working funds initiative	13	9,940	-
Excess of revenue over expenses		\$ 11,201	\$ 4

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Internally restricted			
	- capital assets	Unrestricted	Total 2021	Total 2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 28,583	\$ 16,224	\$ 44,807	\$ 44,803
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue)	(9,483)	20,684	11,201	4
Purchase of capital assets	20,344	(20,344)	-	-
Contributions received for capital purposes (note 6)	(13,693)	13,693	-	-
Long-term debt funding capital assets (note 7)	(399)	399	-	-
Balance, end of year	\$ 25,352	\$ 30,656	\$ 56,008	\$ 44,807

Grand River Hospital Corporation Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

(Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

N	lote	2	2020	
Accumulated remeasurement losses, beginning of year		\$	(6,504)	\$ (2,170)
Unrealized gain (loss) attributable to derivative (interest rate swap)	7		3,890	(4,334)
Accumulated remeasurement losses, end of year		\$	(2,614)	\$ (6,504)

Statement of Cash Flows (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Notes	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in)			
Operations			
Excess of revenue over expenses		\$ 11,201	\$ 4
Employer cash contributions to the KWH pension plan	4(c)	(10,318)	(8,703)
Employer cash contributions to other defined benefit plans	4(c)	(391)	(284)
Items not involving cash			
Amortization of equipment Amortization of buildings and building		15,378	11,821
improvements		10,299	10,447
Amortization of deferred contributions related to equipment	6	(8,237)	(7,048)
Amortization of deferred contributions related	6		
to building and building improvements		(7,957)	(8,053)
Defined benefit expense	4(c)	10,535	6,756
Change in non-cash operating working capital	10	(28,333)	3,680
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(7,823)	8,620
Investing Activities			
Purchase and construction of capital assets,			
net of disposals		(20,344)	(27,235)
Cash used in investing activities		(20,344)	(27,235)
Financing Activities			
Contributions received for capital purposes		13,606	5,829
Advance of long-term debt, including accrued interest	7	399	35,657
Repayment of operating line		-	(7,687)
Cash provided by financing activities		14,005	33,799
Increase (decrease) in cash		(14,162)	15,184
Cash, beginning of year		15,184	-
Cash, end of year		\$ 1,022	\$ 15,184

Notes to Financial Statements (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

Grand River Hospital Corporation (the "Hospital") is a regional provider of community hospital services. The Hospital provides its services primarily through the Kitchener-Waterloo campus and the Freeport campus. The Hospital is assigned to the Waterloo Wellington Local Health Integration Network. The Hospital is incorporated under the Corporations Act (Ontario) without share capital and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is exempt from income taxes.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook - Public Sector Accounting Standards (the "standards") including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

(a) Basis of presentation:

These financial statements present only the accounts of the Hospital as a separately managed entity. They do not include the accounts of the following related, but separate entities:

Grand River Hospital Volunteer Association

Grand River Hospital Foundation

The financial information of these entities is reported separately from the Hospital.

(b) Basis of funding:

The Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by both the Ministry of Health (the "MOH") and the Waterloo Wellington Local Health Integration Network ("LHIN"). The Hospital has entered into a Hospital Service Accountability Agreement ("H-SAA") with the LHIN that sets out the obligations as well as the minimum performance standards that must be met by the Hospital. Any excess of revenue over expenses with respect to base funding during a fiscal year is not required to be returned. However, if the Hospital does not meet its performance standards or obligations under the H-SAA, the LHIN has the right to adjust funding received by the Hospital. The Hospital accrues for known amounts to be recovered.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Revenue recognition:

The Hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants.

Under the Health Insurance Act and Regulations thereto, the Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by the MOH. Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved, but not received at the end of an accounting period, are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions, other than endowment contributions, are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate of the related capital assets.

Revenue from the MOH, preferred accommodation, as well as income from parking and other ancillary operations, are recognized when the goods are sold or the service is provided.

(d) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the years. The infectious coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic has added to the Hospital's measurement uncertainty primarily due to a reduction in available information with which to make significant assumptions related to critical estimates as compared to those estimates reported at March 31, 2021. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of accrued pension benefit, capital assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, accrued other benefit obligation, interest rate swap, valuation allowances for receivables and revenues.

Pension and other employee future benefits liabilities, are subject to measurement uncertainty because actual results may differ significantly from the Hospital's best long-term estimate of expected results – for example, the difference between actual results and actuarial assumptions regarding return on investment of pension fund assets and health care cost trend rates for retiree benefits may be significant.

Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

Provision has been made for any obsolete or unusable inventory on hand.

(f) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is not taken on assets under construction until they are placed in use.

The Hospital records amortization of its capital assets on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Buildings and building improvements Furniture and equipment PRISM Hospital information system 2% to 20% 5% to 20% 15 years

(g) Contributed services:

Volunteers contribute numerous hours to assist the Hospital in carrying out certain charitable aspects of its service delivery activities. The fair value of these contributed services is not readily determinable and is not reflected in these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

h) Employee benefits plans:

The Hospital accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn the pension and post-retirement benefits. The Hospital has the following accounting policies:

(i) Defined benefit plans:

The Hospital has defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all employees and a supplemental pension plan for a specific group of employees. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's final average earnings. The cost of this program is being funded currently.

The Hospital provides a defined benefit plan covering health and dental care benefits upon early retirement. Early retirees, who are in receipt of pension benefits, may also elect to receive health and dental benefits under the plan until the age of 65. The cost of health and dental benefits related to employees' current service is charged to income annually.

The cost of pensions and post-retirement benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of expected plan investment performance, salary escalation, expected health and dental costs and retirement ages of employees.

Actuarial gains (losses) on plan assets arise from the difference between the actual return on plan assets for a period and the expected return on plan assets for that period. Actuarial gains (losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arise from differences between actual and expected experience and from changes in the actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees.

The average remaining service period of the active employees covered by the pension plan is 11.7 years (2020 - 12 years). The average remaining service period of the active employees covered by the other retirement benefits plan is 13.4 years (2020 - 12.7 years).

Past service costs from plan amendments or plan initiations are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

(ii) Multi-employer plan:

Defined contribution plan accounting (where contributions are expensed as incurred) is applied to the multi-employer defined benefit Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOPP") for which the Hospital does not have the necessary information to apply defined benefit plan accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are reported at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Management has elected to record all investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis.

Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the statement of operations and any unrealized gain is adjusted through the statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

When the asset is sold, the unrealized gains and losses previously recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses are reversed and recognized in the statement of operations.

The related interest rate swaps are recorded at fair value. The fair value of the interest rate swap is has been determined using Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of interest rate swaps is based on broker quotes. Those quotes are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market interest rates for a similar instrument at the measurement date.

Long-term debt is recorded at cost.

The Standards require an organization to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy, which includes three levels of information that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices
 for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full
 term of the assets or liabilities; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Accounts receivable:

	(Operating	Capital	2021	2020
МОН	\$	40,273	\$ 3,696	\$ 43,969	\$ 4,216
Ontario Health (formerly "Cancer Care Ontario")		2,616	-	2,616	5,058
Grand River Hospital Foundation		427	1,680	2,107	4,942
Patient		6,600	-	6,600	8,739
Other		8,568	1,891	10,459	11,817
		58,484	7,267	65,751	34,772
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		2,237	-	2,237	1,708
Total accounts receivable	\$	56,247	\$ 7,267	\$ 63,514	\$ 33,064

3. Capital assets:

			2021	2020
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net book Value	Net book value
Land Buildings and related service equipment	\$ 809	\$ -	\$ 809	\$ 809
and improvements Furniture and	308,265	208,338	99,927	106,396
equipment PRISM Hospital	158,924	117,605	41,319	38,320
information system Assets under	56,256	5,904	50,352	51,339
construction	6,912	-	6,912	11,064
Total capital assets	\$ 531,166	\$ 331,847	\$ 199,319	\$ 207,928

Certain land and buildings designated for Hospital purposes are leased to the Hospital, at a nominal charge, by The Corporation of The City of Kitchener and The Corporation of The City of Waterloo.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Pension and other defined benefit plans:

Substantially all of the employees of the Kitchener-Waterloo site are members of the KWH pension plan, a defined benefit registered pension plan, and a small group also participate in an unfunded supplemental pension plan, both of which are final average earnings programs. The Hospital measures its accrued benefit obligations for the KWH pension plan for accounting purposes based on the most recent actuarial valuation as at November 1, 2018, with a measurement date of December 31, 2020, together with a projection of these results to March 31, 2021. The Hospital measures its accrued benefit obligations for the other benefit plans for accounting purposes based on the most recent actuarial valuation as at April 1, 2021, with a measurement date of December 31, 2020, together with a projection of these results to March 31, 2021.

Substantially all of the employees of the Freeport site are eligible to be members of HOOPP, which is a multi-employer, defined benefit, final pay, contributory plan. As HOOPP's assets and liabilities are not segmented by participating employer, the Hospital accounts for its HOOPP obligation on a cash basis (as a defined contribution plan). The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan at December 31, 2020 indicated that the plan is fully funded.

(a) The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the Hospital's accrued benefit obligation and benefit costs are as follows:

	2021	2020
Accrued benefit obligation at end of year:		
Rate of compensation increase	2.50%	2.50%
Discount rate (pension benefits)	5.75%	5.75%
Discount rate (other benefits)	2.44%	2.94%
Benefit costs for fiscal year:		
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	5.75%	5.75%
Discount rate (pension benefits)	5.75%	6.00%
Discount rate (other benefits)	2.94%	3.61%
Healthcare costs (other benefits)	5.00%	5.00%
Dental costs (other benefits)	4.50%	4.50%
Rate of compensation increase	2.50%	2.50%

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Pension and other defined benefit plans (continued):

(b) The KWH pension plan consists of the following assets:

	2021	2020
Cash and short-term investments	2%	1%
Pooled bonds	36%	36%
Pooled equities	62%	63%
	100%	100%

(c) The information, relating to the Hospital's defined benefit plans:

	2021	2020	2021	2020
			Other	Other
	Pension	Pension	benefit	benefit
	plan	plan	Plans	plans
Current service costs, net				
of employees'	\$ 10,802	\$ 10,258	\$ 637	\$ 554
Interest cost	30,557	29,687	267	293
Less – expected return on	,	,		
plan assets	(32,401)	(32,825)	_	_
Amortization of net	(- , - ,	(- , ,		
actuarial (gain) loss	1,052	(770)	(379)	(441)
Benefit plan expense	10,010	6,350	525	406
Cash paid for employer				
contributions	(10,318)	(8,703)	(391)	(284)
	\$ (308)	\$ (2,353)	\$ 134	\$ 122

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Pension and other defined benefit plans (continued):

(c) The information, relating to the Hospital's defined benefit plans (continued):

		2021	2020		2021		2020
					Other		Other
		Pension	Pension		benefit		benefit
		plan	plan		Plans		plans
Accrued benefit							
obligation, beginning of year	\$	(535,334)	\$ (496,496)	\$	(8,732)	\$	(7,822)
Current service costs, inclusive of employee							
contributions		(18,018)	(17,328)		(637)		(554)
Interest cost		(30,557)	(29,687)		(267)		(293)
Less – benefits paid		26,194	25,013		364		278
Actuarial gain (loss)		(174)	(16,836)		1,066		(341)
Accrued benefit obligation, balance, end							
of year	\$	(557,889)	\$ (535,334)	\$	(8,206)	\$	(8,732)
		(001,000)	 (000,001)	-	(0,200)		(0,: 02)
Plan assets fair value,							
beginning of year		566,484	548,844		-		-
Expected return on							
plan assets		32,401	32,825		-		-
Employer							
contributions (included							
in salaries, wages and							
benefits)		9,915	8,177		364		278
Employee contributions		7,916	7,770		-		-
Less benefits paid		(26,194)	(25,013)		(364)		(278)
Actual plan expenses		(1,141)	(1,696)		-		-
Experience gain (loss)		838	(4,423)		-		
Plan assets fair value,	\$	590,219	\$ 566,484	\$	-	\$	-
end of year							
Funded status plan							
surplus (deficit)	\$	32,330	\$ 31,150	\$	(8,206)	\$	(8,732)
Unamortized net	-	•	 •		, , ,	-	
actuarial gain (loss)		9,386	10,661		(5,490)		(4,803)
Employer contributions					, ,		,
after measurement date		2,772	2,369		98		71
Accrued defined benefit							
plan assets (obligation)	\$	44,488	\$ 44,180	\$	(13,598)	\$	(13,464)

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Pension and other defined benefit plans (continued):

(c) The information, relating to the Hospital's defined benefit plans (continued):

Payment relating to proposed merger risk mitigation:

As a result of not proceeding with the merger, a merger risk mitigation payment was received of \$14,000. These funds were invested in plan assets in October 2020.

(d) Multi-employer defined benefit plan expense:

	2021	2020
Cash paid for contributions to HOOPP	\$ 7,537	\$ 6,967

5. Operating line:

The Hospital has an unsecured operating line available to a maximum of \$40,000 (2020 - \$25,000) on a temporary basis until March 31, 2021. The Hospital secured a further temporary extension effective April 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021 for \$50,000 to provide continued support during COVID-19. The operating line is at bank's prime rate minus 0.85%. At year end \$nil (2020 - \$nil) was drawn on the operating line.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

6. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions include unspent restricted grants for education and research of \$1,568 (2020 - \$1,838) and unspent restricted grants for the Grand River Regional Cancer Centre in the amount of \$465 (2020 - \$931). The changes in the deferred contributions balance are as follows:

	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received during the year Less amounts recognized as revenue during the year	\$ 2,926 1,141 (1,971)	\$ 3,284 499 (857)
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,096	\$ 2,926

The changes for the year in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	Note	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$	138,300	\$ 150,935
Contributions from:			
Grand River Hospital Foundation	12	3,083	3,222
Ontario Ministry of Health		1,584	1,259
Ontario Ministry of Health COVID-19	14	8,667	-
Ontario Health (formerly "Cancer Care Ontario")		201	1,575
Other capital contributions (transfers to recoveries from external sources in the statement of operations)		158	(3,590)
		13,693	2,466
Less:			
Amortization of deferred capital contributions related to equipment		(8,237)	(7,048)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions related to buildings and building improvements		(7,957)	(8,053)
Balance, end of year	\$	135,799	\$ 138,300

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

7. Long-term debt:

	2021	2020
Bankers' acceptance, unsecured, interest only payments commencing May 3, 2021 through to May 1, 2039 with quarterly blended payments of principal and interest of \$772 thereafter, and the final payment due May 1, 2039. Interest has been fixed at 3.43% (including stamping fee of 0.56%) using an interest rate swap. Includes accrued interest of \$1,056 (2020 - \$657)	\$ 36,056	35,657

Subsequent to year end on May 3, 2021, the Hospital cancelled a portion of the interest rate swap that was in excess of the associated long-term debt. The cost of the settlement of the portion of the interest rate swap was a payment of \$383. The future principal repayments required for long-term debt incorporating the subsequent cancellation of a portion of the interest rate swap is as follows:

2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ 1,874 1,939 2,007 2,076 2,149 26,011
	\$ 36,056

The Hospital has an interest rate swap agreement to manage the volatility of interest rates. The maturity date of the interest rate swap is the same as the maturity date of the associated long-term debt.

Interest of \$399 (2020 - \$369) relating to long-term has been included in non-payroll expenses on the statement of operations and interest of \$nil (2020 - \$288) is included in capital assets.

The fair value of the interest rate swap at March 31, 2021 is in a net unfavorable position of \$2,614 (2020 - unfavourable \$6,504) which is recorded on the statement of financial position. The current year impact of the change in fair value of the interest rate swap is a decrease in the accumulated measurement losses of \$3,890 (2020 – increase in accumulated losses \$4,334).

The fair value of the interest rate swap has been determined using Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of interest rate swaps is based on broker quotes. Those quotes are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market interest rates for a similar instrument at the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

8. Internally restricted - capital assets:

Net assets invested in capital assets are calculated as follows:

	2021	2020
Capital assets	\$ 199,319	\$ 207,928
Amounts financed by:		
Deferred capital contributions	(135,799)	(138,300)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,112)	(5,388)
Long-term debt	(36,056)	(35,657)
Total internally restricted – capital assets	\$ 25,352	\$ 28,583

The Board of Directors has internally restricted \$25,352 of net assets to fund capital assets (2020 - \$28,583).

9. Commitments and contingencies:

(a) Service commitments:

Specific medical equipment and other support services are outsourced under agreements that expire in future years. An outsourcing agreement is in place for ongoing supply chain services covering contract management, and procurement of medical, surgical and other supplies. The payments that cover the operating components under the terms of these agreements are as follows:

5,319
683
8,356
0,906
1,642
3,732

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

9. Commitments and contingencies (continued):

(b) Contingencies:

The nature of the Hospital's activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in process at any time. With respect to claims at March 31, 2021, management believes that the Hospital has valid defenses and appropriate insurance coverage in place. In the event claims are successful, management believes that such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the Hospital's financial position.

On July 1, 1987, a group of health care organizations ("subscribers"), which the Hospital was party of, formed Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC"). HIROC is registered as a Reciprocal pursuant to provincial Insurance Acts which permit persons to exchange with other persons reciprocal contracts of indemnity insurance. HIROC facilitates the provision of liability insurance coverage to health care organizations in the provinces and territories where it is licensed. Subscribers pay annual premiums which are actuarially determined, and are subject to assessment for losses in excess of such premiums, if any, experienced by the group of subscribers for the years in which they were a subscriber. No assessments have been made to March 31, 2021.

(c) Lease commitments:

In September 2018, the Hospital signed a lease to rent space in a separate building for the employees displaced from the planned development of the parking facilities. This lease has a 10 year term with an option to exit at 5 years or option to renew for another 5 years and includes annual lease commitments for the next five years as follows:

Total	\$ 3,434
2026	714
2025	700
2024	687
2023	673
2022	\$ 660

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

10. Net change in non-cash operating working capital balances:

	2021	2020
Accounts receivable not applicable to capital assets	\$ (30,363)	\$ (10,266)
Inventories	(1,767)	(2,237)
Prepaid expenses	1,564	(1,346)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities not applicable to capital assets	(1,714)	16,875
Accrued salary, wages and benefit liabilities	4,777	1,012
Deferred contributions not applicable to capital assets	(830)	(358)
Total change in non-cash operating working capital	\$ (28,333)	\$ 3,680

11. Financial risks:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Hospital is exposed to credit risk with respect to the accounts receivable and cash.

Accounts receivable is subject to measurement uncertainty due to the Hospital's exposure to credit risk of individual patients. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, additional measurement uncertainty exists around the collectability of patient receivables. The uncertainty is caused by collection delays and the increase in the rate of doubtful accounts from patient account receivable is due to the economic slowdown in Ontario brought on by emergency measures to combat the spread of COVID-19.

The Hospital assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Hospital at March 31, 2021 is the carrying value of these assets.

As at March 31, 2021, \$829 (2020 - \$1,102) of patient accounts receivable were past due.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable is valued with consideration for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount of any related impairment loss is recognized in the income statement. Subsequent recoveries of impairment losses related to accounts receivable are credited to the statement of operations. The balance of the allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2021 is \$2,237 (2020 - \$1,708).

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

11. Financial risks (continued):

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Hospital manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements and having financing available. The Hospital prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations. The ability of the Hospital to meet their cash flow requirements in the short term has been impacted by several factors including delays in cash collections on receivables, and the loss of revenue associated with elective surgeries, parking revenue and other forms of patient revenue. The Hospital is continuously monitoring their cash flow in order to maintain its liquidity moving forward.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 60 days of receipt of an invoice.

The contractual maturities of long-term debt and interest rate swaps are disclosed in note 7.

(c) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows or a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

Financial assets and financial liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Hospital to cash flow interest rate risk. The Hospital is exposed to this risk through its interest-bearing long-term debt, interest rate swap and the valuation of pension and other defined benefit plans.

The Hospital mitigates interest rate risk on its future financing through a derivative financial instrument (interest rate swaps) that exchanges the variable rate inherent in the debt for a fixed rate (see note 7). Therefore, fluctuations in market interest rates would not impact future cash flows and operations relating to the debt.

12. Related party transactions:

(a) Grand River Hospital Volunteer Association:

The Grand River Hospital Volunteer Association (the "Volunteer Association") is an independent organization, which raises funds and contributes these funds to the Foundation, which in turn contributes the funds to the Hospital for the purpose mentioned above. The accounts of the Volunteer Association are not included in these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

12. Related party transactions (continued):

(b) Grand River Hospital Foundation:

The Grand River Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation") is an independent organization which raises funds to finance the purchase of capital assets, as well as research and education, as directed by the Foundation's donors, for the Hospital. Although the Foundation is a separate entity and disburses funds at the discretion of its own Board of Governors, one of the Foundation Board members is a member of the Hospital. The accounts of the Foundation are not included in these financial statements.

During the year, the Foundation donated \$3,083 (2020 - \$3,222) to the Hospital to fund capital projects which is recognized in deferred capital contributions. The Foundation has funded programs expenses of \$2,518 (2020 - \$1,899) which is included in recoveries from external sources on the statement of operations. At March 31, 2021, there is \$2,107 (2020 - \$4,942) due from the Foundation to the Hospital. At March 31, 2021, the Foundation had net assets of \$25,468 (2020 - \$17,666).

(c) Grand River Regional Cancer Centre:

The Hospital operates an Integrated Cancer Program ("ICP") with Ontario Health ("OH") (formerly "Cancer Care Ontario"). Under the ICP, OH as paymaster for the MOH, provided operating funding of \$43,537 restricted for cancer services, to cover the Hospital for ambulatory, hotel and corporate costs for the year ended March 31, 2021 (2020 - \$39,557). MOH funding for inpatient oncology services remains as part of the Hospital's global funding.

13. Ministry of Health working capital funding:

In March 2021, the Hospital was advised that it was eligible for one-time funding to address its working capital deficit. The Hospital is eligible to receive this funding based on defined eligibility criteria with the stipulation that the funding will only be used to reduce the Hospital's working capital deficit and is not to be used for operating purposes.

As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the MOH has provided a preliminary estimate of working capital funding and has indicated that the final amount of funding is subject to further analysis and validation by the MOH. Any future adjustments to working capital funding will be reflected in the Hospital's financial statements in the year of settlement.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

14. Ministry of Health pandemic funding:

In connection with the ongoing coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19), the MOH has announced a number of funding programs intended to assist hospitals with incremental operating and capital costs and revenue decreases resulting from COVID-19. In addition to these funding programs, the MOH is also permitting hospitals to redirect unused funding from certain programs towards COVID-19 costs, revenue losses and other budgetary pressures through a broad-based funding reconciliation.

While the MOH has provided guidance with respect to the maximum amount of funding potentially available to the Hospital, as well as criteria for eligibility and revenue recognition, this guidance continues to evolve and is subject to revision and clarification subsequent to the time of approval of these financial statements. The MOH has also indicated that all funding related to COVID-19 is subject to review and reconciliation, with the potential for adjustments during the subsequent fiscal year.

Management's estimate of MOH revenue for COVID-19 is based on the most recent guidance provided by MOH and the impacts of COVID-19 on the Hospital's operations, revenues and expenses. As a result of Management's estimation process, the Hospital has recognized amounts that are considered by Management to be realistic, supportable and consistent with the guidance provided by the MOH. Given the potential for future changes to funding programs that could be announced by the MOH, the Hospital has recognized revenue related to COVID-19 using a conservative approach and has recorded a provision for future funding changes.

The Hospital has recognized \$70,926 in COVID-19 related MOH revenues. Any adjustments to Management's estimate of MOH revenues will be reflected in the Hospital's financial statements in the year of settlement.

In addition to the above, the Hospital has also recognized \$8,667 in MOH funding for COVID-19 related capital expenditures, which has been recorded as an additional to deferred capital contributions during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd) (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2021

15. COVID-19 impacts:

In response to COVID-19 and consistent with guidance provided by the MOH and other government agencies, the Hospital has implemented a number of measures to protect patients and staff from COVID-19. In addition, the Hospital has actively contributed towards the care of COVID-19 patients and the delivery of programs that protect public health.

The Hospital continues to respond to the pandemic and plans for continued operational and financial impacts during the 2022 fiscal year and beyond. Management has assessed the impact of COVID-19 and believes there are no significant financial issues that compromise its ongoing operations. The outcome and timeframe to a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable, thus it is not practicable to estimate and disclose its effect on future operations at this time.