Financial Statements of

GRAND RIVER HOSPITAL CORPORATION

Year ended March 31, 2009 (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)



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AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Grand River Hospital Corporation

We have audited the statement of financial position of Grand River Hospital Corporation (the "Hospital") as at March 31, 2009 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital as at March 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Waterloo, Canada May 8, 2009

KPMG LLP

Statement of Financial Position (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

March 31, 2009, with comparative figures for 2008

	 2009		2008
Assets			
Current assets:	22.222	•	00.405
Cash and short-term investments (note 3)	\$ 26,380 40,665	\$	36,105 17,753
Accounts receivable (note 4)	19,665 2,016		17,753
Inventories	2,010		2,544
Prepaid expenses	 50,132		58,344
	450.222		152 241
Capital assets (note 5)	158,333		153,341
Accrued pension benefit plan (note 6)	16,55 4		12,722
	\$ 225,019	\$	224,407
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred credit (note 8(a)) Current portion of long-term debt (note 8(b)) Current portion of capital lease obligation (note 8(c))	\$ 31,453 15,286 - - - 152	\$	38,338 7,971 142 60 146
Current portion of capital lease obligation (note o(o))	 46,891		46,657
Other long-term liabilities (note 8(d))	1,220		473
Accrued other benefits plan obligation (note 6)	3,479		2,143
Deferred capital contributions (note 9)	137,288		137,605
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets (note 10)	17,506		11,633
Internally restricted - education and corporate development	1,200		1,200
Unrestricted	 17,435		24,696
Commitments and contingencies (note 11)	36,141		37,529
	 205.040	\$	224 407
	\$ 225,019	<u> </u>	224,407

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Directo

Directo

Statement of Operations (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009, with comparative figures for 2008

	 2009		2008
Revenue:			
Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care	\$ 229,588	\$	218,496
Other	47,998		43,438
Amortization of deferred capital contributions			
related to equipment (note 9)	3,450		5,434
	 281,036		267,368
Expenses:			
Salaries, wages, benefits and purchased services	170,227		162,602
Medical staff remuneration	19,443		18,755
Non-salary	85,233		78,281
Amortization of equipment	6,636		7,021
	281,539		266,659
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for	 		
Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care purposes	(503)		709
Amortization of buildings and building improvements	(7,066)		(7,776)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions related to			
buildings and building improvements (note 8)	6,181		7,108
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ (1,388)	\$	41

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009, with comparative figures for 2008

	 ested in al assets	ternally stricted	Unr	estricted	 2009 Total	2008 Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 11,633	\$ 1,200	\$	24,696	\$ 37,529	\$ 37,488
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(4,071)	-		2,683	(1,388)	41
Investment in capital assets (note 10)	9,944	-		(9,944)	~	-
Balance, end of year	\$ 17,506	\$ 1,200	\$	17,435	\$ 36,141	\$ 37,529

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009, with comparative figures for 2008

	2009	 2008
Cash provided by (applied to):		
Operations:		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses \$	(· / /	\$ 41
Employer cash contributions to the KWH pension plan	(7,467)	(6,850)
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of equipment	6,636	7,021
Amortization of buildings	7,066	7,776
Amortization of deferred contributions related to equipment	(3,450)	(5,434)
Amortization of deferred contributions related to buildings	(6,181)	(7,108)
Defined benefit expense	4,971	8,634
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 12)	702	 (2,526)
	889	1,554
Investing activities:		
Purchase and construction of capital assets, net of disposals	(19,950)	(16,324)
Financing activities:		
Contributions received for capital purposes	8,644	25,056
(Increase) decrease of long-term liabilities	692	(201)
	9,336	24,855
Increase (decrease) in cash	(9,725)	 10,085
	•	
Cash and short-term investments, beginning of year	36,105	26,020
Cash and short-term investments, end of year \$	26,380	\$ 36,105

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

The Grand River Hospital Corporation (the "Hospital") is a regional provider of community hospital services to the Cities of Kitchener and Waterloo and the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. The Hospital provides its services primarily through the Kitchener-Waterloo site and the Freeport site. The Hospital is assigned to the Waterloo Wellington Local Health Integration Network. The Hospital is incorporated under the Corporations Act (Ontario) without share capital and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is exempt from income taxes.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

These financial statements present only the accounts of the Hospital as a separately managed entity. They do not include the accounts of the following related, but separate entities:

Grand River Hospital Volunteer Association Grand River Hospital Foundation

The financial information of these entities is reported separately from the Hospital.

(b) Basis of funding:

The Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario, in accordance with budget arrangements established with the Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (the "Ministry"). The funding is provided to the Hospital on a global basis as well as a cost reimbursement basis for specific programs. Except for certain programs, a surplus of revenue over expense incurred during a fiscal year is not required to be returned to the Ministry. As well, the Ministry's stated policy is that deficits incurred by the Hospital will not be funded.

(c) Revenue recognition:

The Hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants.

Under the Health Insurance Act and Regulations thereto, the Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by the Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care. Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved, but not received at the end of an accounting period, are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Revenue recognition (continued):

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions, other than endowment contributions, are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate of the related capital assets.

Revenue from the Ministry, preferred accommodation, as well as income from parking and other ancillary operations, is recognized when the goods are sold or the service is provided.

(d) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the years. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of accrued pension benefit plan, capital assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, accrued other benefit plan obligation, and valuation allowances for receivables. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(e) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and replacement cost.

Provision has been made for any obsolete or unusable inventory on hand.

(f) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. The Hospital records amortization of its capital assets on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset at the following annual rates:

Buildings and building improvements	2% to 20%
Furniture and equipment	5% to 20%
Equipment under capital lease	20%

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Employee benefits plans:

The Hospital accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn the pension and post-retirement benefits. The Hospital has the following accounting policies:

(i) Defined benefit plans:

The Hospital has defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all employees and a supplemental pension plan for a specific group of employees. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's final average earnings. The cost of this program is being funded currently.

The Hospital provides a defined benefit plan covering health and dental care benefits upon early retirement. Early retirees, who are in receipt of pension benefits, may also elect to receive health and dental benefits under the plan until the age of 65. The cost of health and dental benefits related to employees' current service is charged to income annually.

The cost of pensions and post-retirement benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of expected plan investment performance, salary escalation, expected health and dental costs and retirement ages of employees.

For the purpose of calculating the expected return on plan assets, those assets are valued at fair value which represent a market-related value. The market-related value of assets has been used for determining the expected return on assets component of the annual expense and for determining the amount of experience gains (losses) to be amortized. The market values at the measurement date are developed from the market values at each of the four preceding fiscal year-ends by accumulating these amounts with contributions, benefit payments, expenses and assumed investment return for the period up to the measurement date. Assumed investment return is calculated assuming that each year assets earned interest at the expected rate of return on assets during the applicable period.

Past service costs from plan amendments or plan initiations are amortized on a straightline basis over the average remaining service period up to the full eligibility date of each of employees active at the date of amendment or plan initiation. The past service costs related to the plan initiation are being amortized over 8 years.

Actuarial gains (losses) arise from the difference between actual long-term rate of return on plan assets for a period and the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets for that period or from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Employee benefits plans (continued):

(i) Defined benefit plans:

The transitional asset (obligation) is being amortized at \$3,423 per year and will be fully amortized in the year ending March 31, 2013.

The excess of the net actuarial gain (loss) over 10% of the greater of the benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets is amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. The average remaining service period of the active employees covered by the pension plan is 13 years.

When the restructuring of a benefit plan gives rise to both a curtailment and a settlement of obligations, the curtailment is accounted for prior to the settlement.

(ii) Multi-employer plan:

Defined contribution plan accounting is applied to the multi-employer defined benefit Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOPP") for which the Hospital does not have the necessary information to apply defined benefit plan accounting.

(h) Contributed services:

Volunteers contribute numerous hours to assist the Hospital in carrying out certain charitable aspects of its service delivery activities. The fair value of these contributed services is not readily determinable and is not reflected in these financial statements.

(i) Financial instruments:

The Hospital has classified cash and short-term investments as held-for-trading which are measured at fair value. Held-for-trading financial instruments are carried at fair value with changes in the fair value reported in earnings.

Accounts and notes receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost.

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

2. Change in accounting policy:

(a) Current year changes in accounting policies:

Effective April 1, 2008, the Hospital adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Section 1535, "Capital Disclosures", Handbook Section 3862, "Financial Instruments — Disclosures", and Handbook Section 3863, "Financial Instruments — Presentation", and Handbook Section 3031, "Inventories".

(i) Capital Disclosures

Section 1535, "Capital Disclosures" establishes guidelines for the disclosure of both qualitative and quantitative information regarding an Entity's capital and how it is managed. As the Hospital manages net assets rather than capital, the adoption of this section is applicable to the Hospital's management of its net assets. The section also requires disclosure of the requirements and the consequences of non-compliance.

(ii) Financial Instruments - Disclosure and Presentation

Handbook Section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosures", outlines disclosure requirements for financial instruments and places increased emphasis on disclosure of the risks associated with recognized and unrecognized financial instruments and how these risks are managed.

Handbook Section 3863, "Financial Instruments – Presentation", carries forward the presentation requirements from Section 3861, "Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation".

The implementation of these standards did not have an impact on the Hospital's financial statements.

(iii) Inventories:

Section 3031, "Inventories", provides guidance on the measurement and disclosure requirements for inventories. The adoption of this new section had no impact on the Hospital's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

2. Change in accounting policy (continued):

(b) Accounting policy changes effective in 2008:

On April 1, 2007, the Hospital adopted CICA Handbook Section 3855 "Financial Instruments -- Recognition and Measurement", and Section 3861 "Financial Instruments - Presentation and Disclosure".

Under adoption of these new standards, as at April 1, 2007, the Hospital has classified cash and short-term investments as held-for-trading which are measured at fair value. Accounts and notes receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

The changes in accounting policies were applied retroactively, without restatement of prior year comparatives, as required under the standard. There was no effect on the opening net assets at April 1, 2007.

3. Cash and short-term investments:

The Hospital's investment policy restricts short-term investments to highly liquid, high grade Canadian federal and provincial government bonds, commercial paper of Canadian corporations, and bankers acceptances. At year end, \$2,599 (2008 - \$2,573) is held in short-term investment instruments bearing interest at 0.33% (2008 - 4.30%).

The remaining cash is in a current account bearing interest at a rate of prime minus 1.75%. At year end, the prime rate was 2.50% (2008 - 3.75%).

4. Accounts receivable:

		2009	2008
Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care	\$	6,462	\$ 5,146
Cancer Care Ontario:			
Operating		1,589	1,989
Capital		870	200
Grand River Hospital Foundation		145	142
Patient		4,757	4,459
Other	5,842		5,817
	\$	19,665	\$ 17,753

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

5. Capital assets:

		•		2009	2008
	Cost	Accumulated amortization		Net book value	 Net book value
Land Buildings and related service equipment and	\$ 809	\$	-	\$ 809	\$ 809
improvements	197,085		91,626	105,459	109,956
Furniture and equipment	74,016		53,566	20,450	21,777
Construction in progress	31,615		-	31,615	20,799
	\$ 303,525	\$	145,192	\$ 158,333	\$ 153,341

Certain land and buildings designated for Hospital purposes are leased to the Hospital, at a nominal charge, by The Corporation of The City of Kitchener and The Corporation of The City of Waterloo.

6. Pension and other defined benefit plans:

Substantially all of the employees of the Kitchener-Waterloo site are members of a defined benefit registered pension plan ("KWH pension plan") and several individuals also participate in an unfunded supplemental pension plan, both of which are final average earnings programs. The Hospital measures its accrued benefit obligations for accounting purposes based on the most recent actuarial valuation as at December 31, 2007, together with a projection of these results to March 31, 2009 and 2008. The next required valuation will be no later than December 31, 2010.

Substantially all of the employees of the Freeport site are eligible to be members of HOOPP, which is a multi-employer, defined benefit, final pay, contributory plan. As HOOPP's assets and liabilities are not segmented by participating employer, the Hospital accounts for its HOOPP obligation on a cash basis (as a defined contribution plan). The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan at December 31, 2007 indicated that the plan is 99% funded on a solvency basis.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

6. Pension and other defined benefit plans (continued):

The expense for the Hospital's benefit plans are included in the statement of operations and are as follows:

(a) Multi-employer defined benefit plan:

	 2009	2008
Cash paid for contributions to HOOPP	\$ 3,588	\$ 3,549

(b) The information, relating to the Hospital's defined benefit plans:

	2009	2008	2009	 2008
			Other	 Other
	Pension	Pension	benefit	benefit
	 plan	plan	 plan	 plan
Current service costs, net of				
employees' contributions	\$ 9,670	\$ 10,115	\$ 159	\$ 174
Expected non-investment expense	500	500		-
Interest cost	16,730	15,827	400	366
Less – expected return on				
plan assets	(20,565)	(18,740)	-	-
Amortization of transitional	, , ,	•		
obligation	(3,423)	(3,423)	271	271
Amortization of past service costs	681	681	506	907
Amortization of net actuarial loss	42	1,956	-	-
Benefit plan expense	 3,635	6,916	1,336	 1,718
Cash paid for employer contributions	(7,467)	(6,850)	-	-
	\$ (3,832)	\$ 66	\$ 1,336	\$ 1,718

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

6. Pension and other defined benefit plans (continued):

(b) The information, relating to the Hospital's defined benefit plans (continued):

		2009		2008	-	2009		2008
						Other		Other
		Pension		Pension		benefit		benefit
		plan		plan		plan		plan
A 1.1 (**c - 1.4)								
Accrued benefit obligation:	•	(240,400)	•	(204 022)	ď	/7 A7G)	\$	(0.767)
Balance, beginning of year	Ф	(310,190)	Ф	(304,032)	\$	(7,476)	Φ	(2,767)
Current service costs, inclusive		/4E 602\		(4E EEE)		(450)		(174)
of employee contributions		(15,603)		(15,555)		(159)		(174)
Interest cost		(16,730)		(15,827)		(400)		(366)
Less - benefits paid		10,774		9,691		131		176
Actuarial gain		52,082		15,533		2,773		768
Plan initiation		-		-		-		- -
Change in cost sharing		•		-		-		(5,113)
Balance, end of year	\$	(279,667)	\$	(310,190)	\$	(5,131)	\$	(7,476)
Plan assets:								
	\$	291,096	\$	298,067	\$	_	\$	_
Fair value, beginning of year	Ψ	(43,680)	Ψ	(9,012)	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Actual return on plan assets		(43,000)		(3,012)		_		_
Employer contributions (included		7 467		6,850		131		176
in salaries, wages and benefits)		7,467 5,933		5,440		98		42
Employees' contributions				•				
Less benefits paid		(10,774)		(9,691)		(229)		(218)
Actual plan expenses		(812)		(558)		-		-
Fair value, end of year	\$	249,230	\$	291,096	\$	-	\$	
Funded status-plan deficit	\$	(30,437)	\$	(19,094)	\$	(5,131)	\$	(7,476)
Unamortized net actuarial	•	(00, 101)	•	(,)	•	(-,,	•	(*, *, *, *,
loss (gain)		56,668		44,235		(3,539)		(768)
Unamortized transitional asset		00,000		,		(-,,		(,,,,
(obligation)		(13,688)		(17,111)		1,356		1,627
Unamortized past service costs		4,011		4,692		3,835		4,474
Accrued defined benefit plan	_							
assets (obligation)	\$	16,554	\$	12,722	\$	(3,479)	\$	(2,143)
assets (obligation)	Ψ	10,00 F	<u> </u>	120,120	<u> </u>	(3,)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

6. Pension and other defined benefit plans (continued):

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the Hospital's accrued benefit obligation and benefit costs, are as follows:

2009	2008
Accrued benefit obligation at end of year:	
Rate of compensation increase 3.50%	3.50%
Discount rate (pension benefits) 6.40%	5.35%
Discount rate (other benefits) 6.00%	5.30%
Benefit costs for fiscal year:	
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets 6.75%	5.35%
Discount rate (pension benefits) 5.35%	5.15%
Discount rate (other benefits) 5.30%	4.60%
Healthcare costs (other benefits) 10.00% initial, 5 years to ultimate rate of 5.00%	9.00%
Dental costs (other benefits) 4.50%	4.50%
Rate of compensation increase 3.50%	3.50%

The KWH pension plan consists of the following assets as at December 31:

	2009	2008
Bonds	50.4%	41.8%
Pooled investments	49.6%	58.2%
	100.0%	100.0%

7. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions represent unspent restricted grants for education and research of \$2,614 (2008 - \$2,086), and deferred funding from Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care of \$6,891 (2008 - \$3,294) and for the Grand River Regional Cancer Centre in the amount of \$5,781 (2008 - \$2,591). The changes in the deferred contributions balance are as follows:

	2009	2008
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received during the year Less amounts recognized as revenue during the year	\$ 7,971 10,512 (3,197)	\$ 6,751 3,190 (1,970)
Balance, end of year	\$ 15,286	\$ 7,971

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

8. Other long-term liabilities:

(a) Deferred credit:

The Hospital entered into a long-term supply contract for certain medical equipment and supplies. On entering into the supply contract in 2002, the Hospital received \$1,000 as a discount on the future purchase of supplies under the terms of the contract. The discount was recognized on a straight-line basis over the 7 year term of the contract as a reduction of the cost of the related medical supplies purchased under the contract and the contract concluded in 2009.

The details of the deferred credit are as follows:

	2009	 2008
Deferred credit Accumulated amortization	\$ 1,000 1,000	\$ 1,000 858
	 _	 142
Less current portion of deferred credit	-	142
	\$ 	\$ <u>.</u>

(b) Long-term debt:

	 2009	2008
Medical equipment loan, bearing no interest, with annual payments of \$59, matured May 2008	\$ -	\$ 60
Less current portion of long-term debt	-	60
	\$ -	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

8. Other long-term liabilities (continued):

(c) Obligation under capital lease:

		2009	 2008
Year ending March 31:			
2009	\$	-	\$ 169
2010		170	170
2011		170	170
2012		170	170
Total minimum lease payments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	510	679
Less amount representing interest at 4.94%		36	60
Present value of net minimum capital lease payments		474	 619
Current portion of obligation under capital lease		152	146
	\$	322	\$ 473

(d) Other long-term liabilities consist of:

	 2009	 2008
Capital lease Construction holdback	\$ 322 898	\$ 473 -
	\$ 1,220	\$ 473

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

9. Deferred capital contributions:

The changes in deferred capital contributions are as follows:

	 2009	 2008
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 137,605	\$ 124,890
Contributions from:		
Grand River Hospital Foundation (note 14)	2,599	1,582
Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care	5,682	17,296
The Regional Municipality of Waterloo	534	3,536
Cancer Care Ontario	(55)	2,410
Other capital contributions	554	433
	 146,919	150,147
Less:		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		
related to equipment	(3,450)	(5,434)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		
related to buildings and building improvements	(6,181)	(7,108)
Balance, end of year	\$ 137,288	\$ 137,605

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

10. Net assets invested in capital assets:

Net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	 2009	2008
Capital assets	\$ 158,333	\$ 153,341
Amounts financed by: Deferred capital contributions Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Long-term liabilities	(137,288) (2,168) (1,371)	(137,605) (3,424) (679)
	\$ 17,506	\$ 11,633

Change in net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2009	 2008
Amortization of capital assets Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$ (13,702) 9,631	\$ (14,797) 12,542
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(4,071)	(2,255)
Purchases and construction of capital assets, net of disposals Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	18,694	18,865
related to capital assets	1,256	(2,544)
Amounts funded by deferred capital contributions	(9,314)	(25,253)
Long-term liabilities related to capital assets	(692)	201
Investment in capital assets	 9,944	(8,731)
Change in net assets invested in capital assets	\$ 5,873	\$ (10,986)

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

11. Commitments and contingencies:

(a) Service commitments:

The Hospital has outsourced its information systems under an agreement that expires in 2012. Specific medical equipment and other support services are outsourced under agreements that expire 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively. An outsourcing agreement was signed this fiscal year for ongoing supply chain services covering contract management, and procurement of medical, surgical and other supplies. The payments that cover the operating components under the terms of these agreements are as follows:

2010	\$ 1,334
2011	1,422
2012	948
2013	881
2014	908
Thereafter	 468

(b) Capital commitments:

The Hospital has entered into several contracts relating to major capital projects.

The commitments are as follows as at March 31, 2009:

Major capital projects:	
Long-Term Mental Health and Patient Care Development	\$ 59,757

These projects are being funded by the Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, the Regional Municipality of Waterloo and the Grand River Hospital Foundation.

(c) Operating lease commitments:

The Hospital is committed to payments under various operating leases for office equipment. The annual payments are as follows:

2010	\$ 449
2011	293
2012	99
2013	2

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

11. Commitments and contingencies (continued):

(d) Contingencies:

The nature of the Hospital's activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in the prospect at any time. With respect to claims at March 31, 2009, management believes that the Hospital has valid defenses and appropriate insurance coverage in place. In the event claims are successful, management believes that such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the Hospital's financial position.

The Hospital participates in Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada, a pooling of the public liability insurance risks of its hospital members. All members of the pool pay premiums which are actuarially determined. All members are subject to assessment for losses, if any, experienced by the pool for the year in which they were members. No assessments have been made to March 31, 2009.

12. Net change in non-cash operating working capital balances:

	 2009	 2008
Accounts receivable not applicable to capital assets	\$ (1,242)	\$ (4,762)
Inventories	(74)	35
Prepaid expenses	473	(34)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities not applicable		• •
to capital assets	(5,628)	1,158
Deferred contributions not applicable to capital assets	`7.315	1,220
Long-term liabilities not applicable to capital assets	(142)	(143)
Net change in non-cash operating working capital balances	\$ 702	\$ (2,526)

13. Net asset management:

The main objective of the Hospital when managing its net assets is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide full hospital services to the community.

The Hospital sets the sufficiency of net assets to maintain the service needs of the community. It makes adjustments to its net assets, through adjustments to its operating budget to respond to potential changes in economic or operating conditions.

In order to maintain a sufficient net asset structure, management looks forward to future needs and will make the necessary adjustments to its working capital to meet these needs.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

14. Related party transactions:

(a) Grand River Hospital Foundation:

The Grand River Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation") is an independent organization which raises funds to finance the purchase of capital assets, as directed by the Foundation's donors, for the Hospital. Although the Foundation is a separate entity and disburses funds at the discretion of its own Board of Governors, some of the Foundation Board members are also members of the Hospital. The accounts of the Foundation are not included in these financial statements.

During the year, the Foundation donated \$2,599 (2008 - \$1,582) to the Hospital to fund capital projects. At March 31, 2009, there is \$145 (2008 - \$142) due from the Foundation to the Hospital. At December 31, 2008, the Foundation had net assets of \$25,209 (2008 - \$25,833).

(b) Volunteer Association:

The Grand River Hospital Volunteer Association (the "Volunteer Association") is an independent organization, which raises funds and contributes these funds to the Foundation, which in turn contributes the funds to the Hospital for the purpose mentioned above. The accounts of the Volunteer Association are not included in these financial statements.

At March 31, 2009, there is \$8 (2008 - \$8) due from the Volunteer Association to the Hospital.

(c) Grand River Regional Cancer Centre:

Effective January 1, 2006, the former joint venture agreement with Cancer Care Ontario (CCO) ended and the Hospital entered into an integration cancer program agreement ("ICP") with CCO. Certain assets are to be transferred in the future from CCO to the Hospital, for \$nil consideration, pending Ministry approval. The net book value and related unamortized portion of capital grants of the assets yet to be transferred is \$181 (2008 - \$541). Under the ICP, equipment with a unit value greater than \$250 will remain the property of CCO and is not reflected in these financial statements.

Also under the ICP, CCO as paymaster for the Ministry, provides operating funding, restricted for cancer services, to the Hospital for ambulatory, hotel and corporate costs of \$17,773 for the year ending March 31, 2009 (2008 - \$17,100). Ministry funding for inpatient oncology services remains as part of the Hospital's global funding.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued (Expressed in Thousands of Dollars)

Year ended March 31, 2009

15. Supplemental cash flow information:

	2009		2008
Cash received for interest	\$ 445	\$	911

16. Financial instruments:

Fair value:

The carrying values of cash and short-term investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair value due to the relatively short periods to maturity of the instruments.

The carrying value of the Hospital's long-term debt is comparable to its fair market value. Fair value has been calculated using the estimated future cash flows of the actual outstanding debt instruments, discounted at current market rates available to the Hospital for the same or similar instruments.